# **APPENDIX B**

## **CHRONOLOGICAL CHARTS AND MAPS**

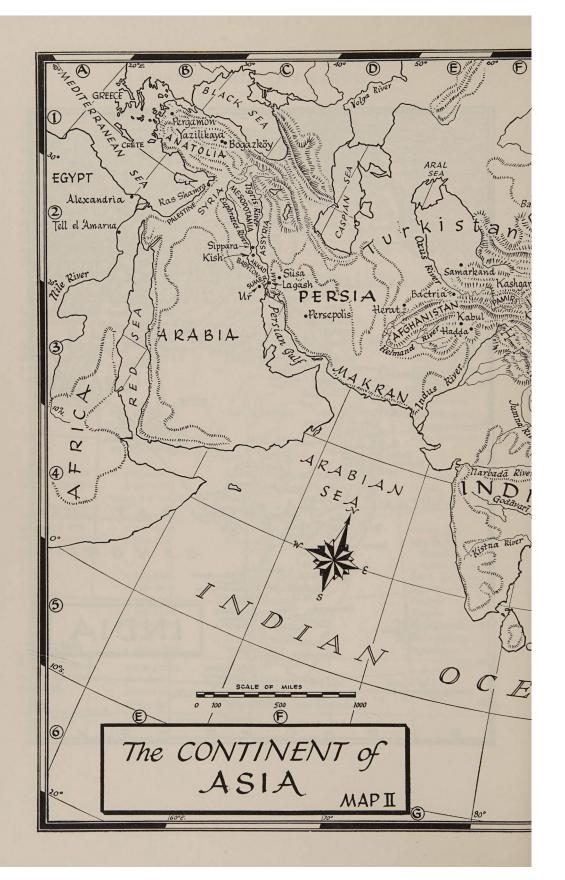
## CHRONOLOGICAL CHART 1

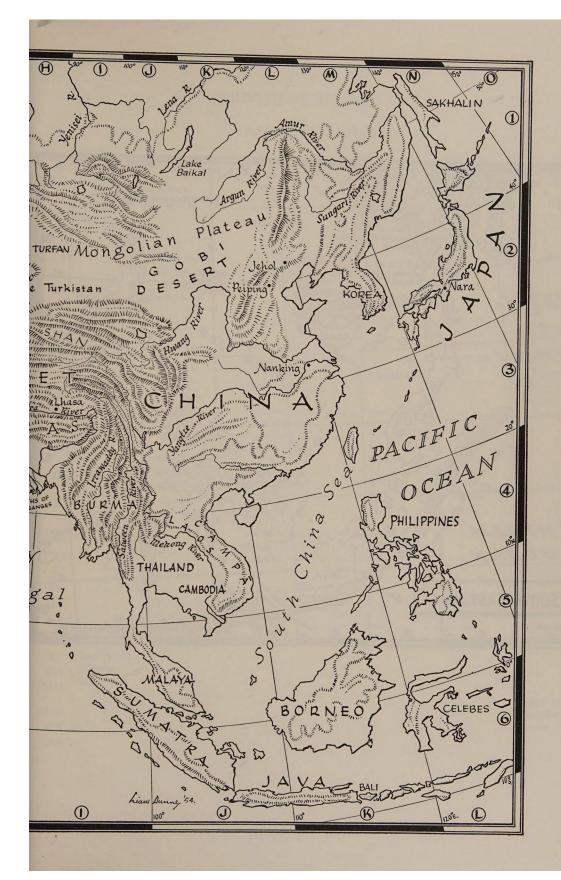
## PERIODS OF INDIAN ART

Mesopotamian Cities and Empires (ante c. 3500-c. 1000)	в.с. с. 3000–1500	Dravidian Period Ruins of the Indus Valley Civilization	Mohenjo-daro, Harappā, Chanhu-daro
Aryans enter Near East	c. 2000–1000	Āryan Settlement of North India	
Assyrian, Hittite, and Medean Empires (c. 1500–c. 550)	c. 1500–500	Vedic Period Vedas, Brāhmaņas, Upaniṣads	
Achaemenid Persian Empire (550–330)	c. 500 b.c 550 a.d.	Buddhism and the Rise of Buddhist Art Early Hindu and Jaina Art  Mohāvāra outh Tärtheileas d. a 500	
		Mahāvīra, 24th Tīrthankara, d. c. 526 Gautama, the Buddha, c. 563–483	
	325: ALEXANDER TH	IE GREAT ENTERS N.W. INDIA	
Seleucid Persian Em-	c. 321-184	Maurya Dynasty	Aśoka Pillars;
pire (305–64)		Aśoka, <i>c</i> . 274–237	early stūpas
Arsacid Persian Empire (250 B.C.–226 A.D.)	c. 185–72 c. 72–25	Śuṅga Dynasty Śuṅga decline; Kāṇva Dynasty	Sāñcī: Stūpa No. 2; Bhārhut reliefs; Bhājā; Bodhgayā railing
		Andhra Dynasty  VASIONS   I cent. B.C INVASION   I cent. A.D.	Sāñcī: Stūpa No. 1; rock-cut sanctu- aries; Amarāvatī
Sassanian Persian Empire (226–641)	I-VII cent. c. 320-650 WHITE HUN INVASION	Kuṣāna Dynasty and successors Gupta Dynasty and successors NS, c. 480–550	Mathurā, Gandhāra Sārnāth
Rise of Islam (Mo-	c. 550–1565	Medieval Indian Art	
hammed, d. 632)	c. 600–850	Pallava Dynasty	Māmallapuram
Muslim conquest of India (c. 750–1565)	c. 550–750	Cāļukya Dynasty	Bādāmī, Aihoļe, Paţţadakal, Ajaṇţā, Elūrā
	c. 750–975	Rāṣṭrakūṭa Dynasty	Elūrā, Elephanta
	c. 730–1250	Pāla and Sena Dynasties	Nālandā
	c. 1076–1586	Gaṅgā Dynasty	Koṇārak
	c. 850–1150	Cola Dynasty	Tanjore
	c. 1100–1310	Hoyśala Dynasty	Halebid, Belür
	c. 1100–1350	Pāṇḍya Dynasty	Tiruvannāmalai
D	c. 1350–1565	Rāya Dynasty	Vijayanagar
Portuguese, French,	xvi–xix cent.	LATE STYLES	
and British in India  (post 1500)	post 1565	Nāyyak Dynasty	Madura
	XVI–XIX cent.	Rājput Dynasties	Miniatures
	1526-1857	Moghul period (Mohammedan)	

For Chronological Chart 2: Provincial Styles, see p. 395.



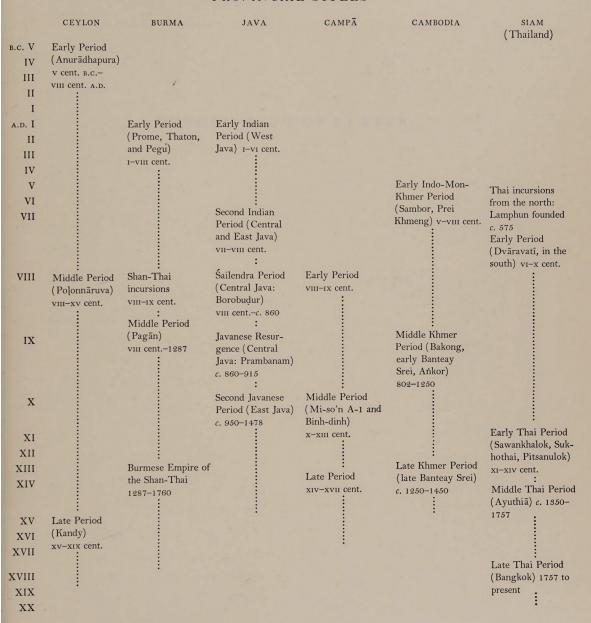


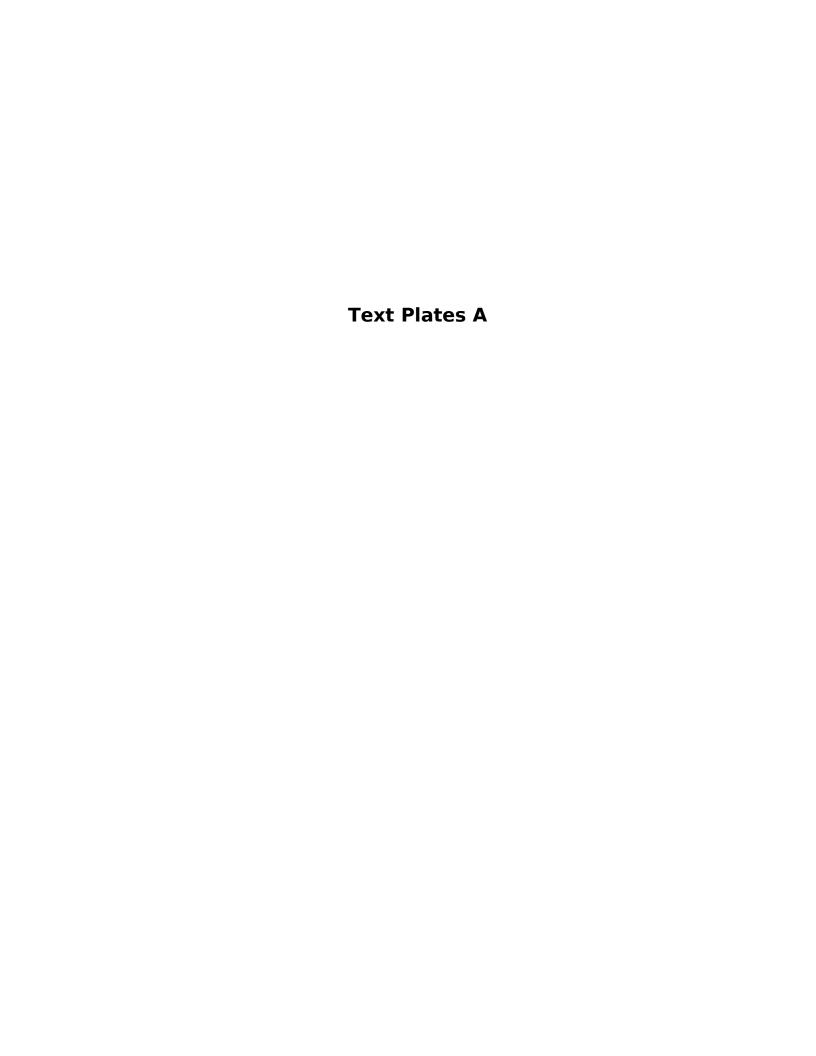


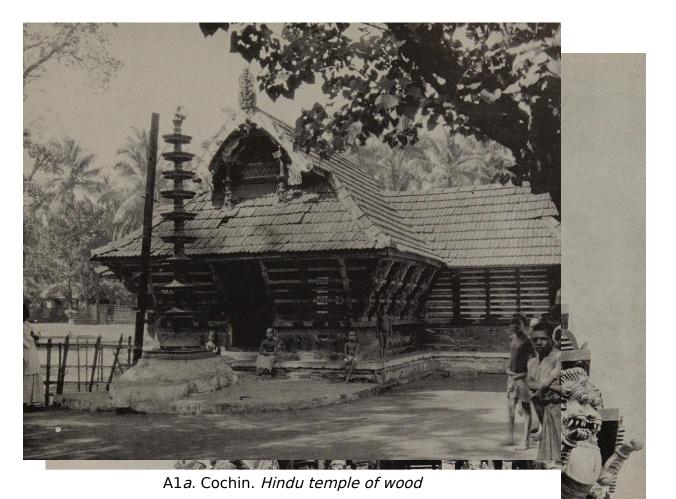


#### CHRONOLOGICAL CHART 2

#### PROVINCIAL STYLES

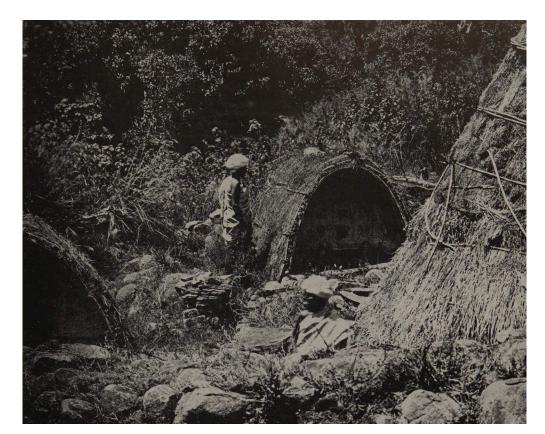




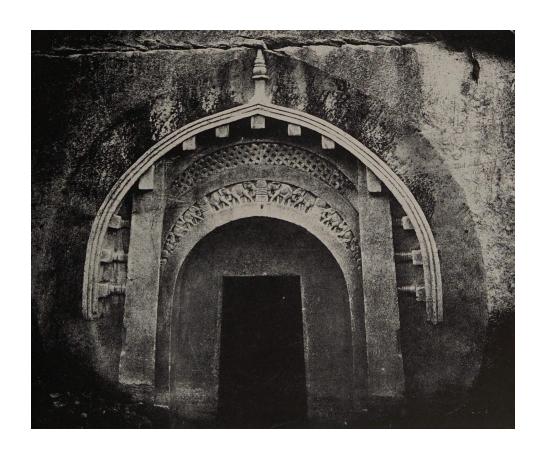




A1b. Madura. Clay figurines near a small temple



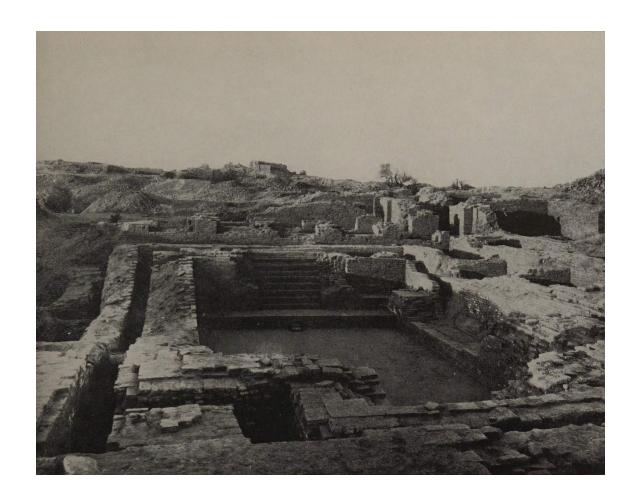
A3a. *Nilgiri Hills*. Toda huts



A3b. Barābar Hills. Lomas Ŗṣi Cave façade. III century B.C.



A4. Śivaite mendicant with a trident



a. Ruins of the Great Bath

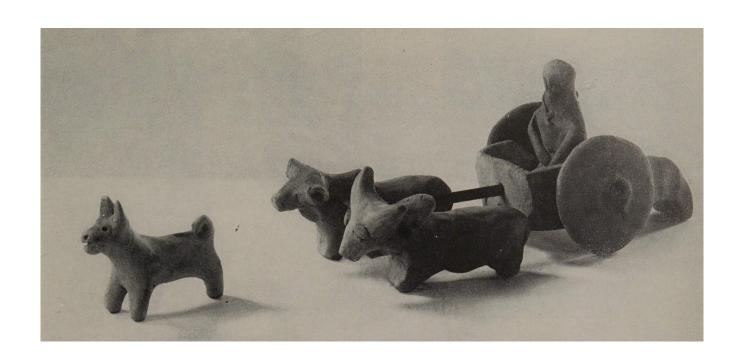
A5. Indus Valley Civilization. c. 2500–1500 B.C. Mohenjo-daro



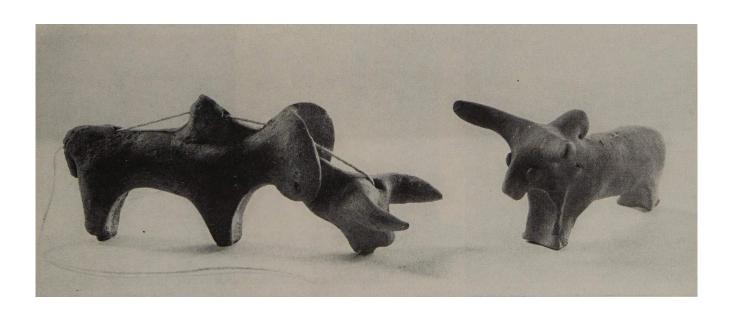
b. Well and tiled bathroom



A6. Indus Valley Civilization. c. 2500–1500 B.C. Chanhu-daro. Storage jar



A7. Indus Valley Civilization. c. 2500–1500 B.C. Clay toys





A8. Indus Valley Civilization. c. 2500–1500 B.C. Religious objects: clay images of the Goddess, a ringstone, and a liṅgam



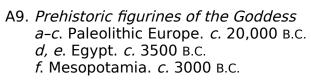










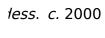










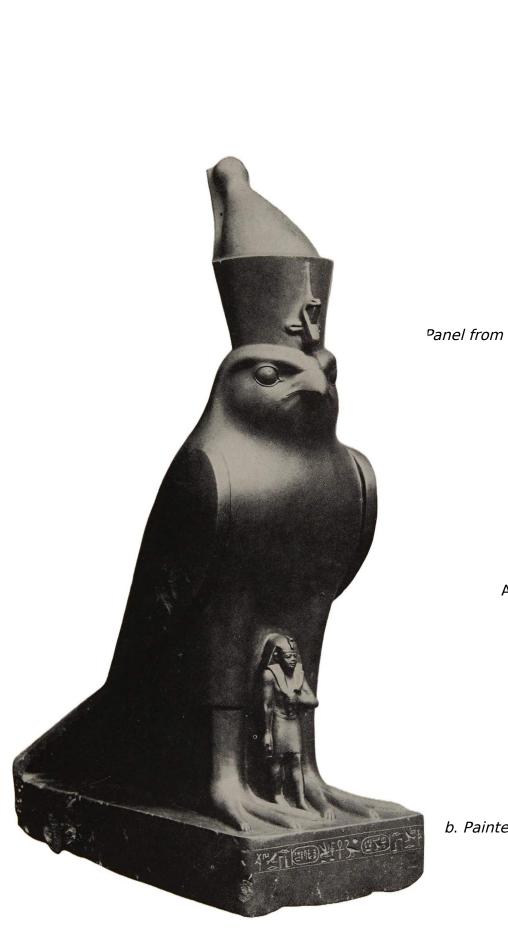








Syrian images of the Goddess. XIV century





A12. Egyptian reliefs



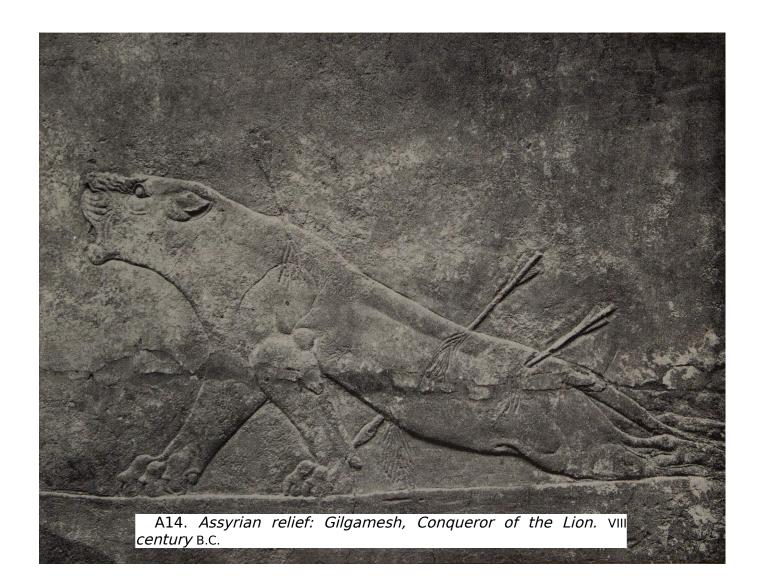
b. Painted stele. III millennium B.C.

A13



Neit.

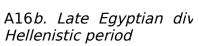




A15. Accurian relief, details: The Creat Hunt of Accurbaninal VIII contury D.C.
A15. Assyrian relief, details: The Great Hunt of Assurbanipal. VII century B.C.



A16a. Indian nāga king. Probably VI or VII century A.D.







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b c d e f g h

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B2*a*. Mysore. *Nāgakals* 





B2*b/c Pārśvanātha*. West India. XVI *or* XVII *century* A.D. / Mathurā. II *century* A.D.



a. Lauriyā-Nandangarh. Gold plaque. III-I century B.C.



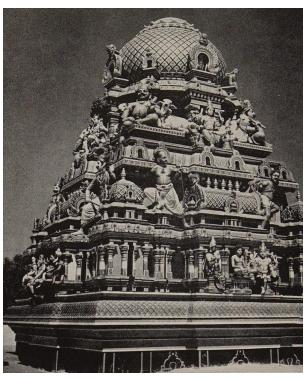
b. Basāṛh. *Terra-cotta* plaque. c. I century B.C.



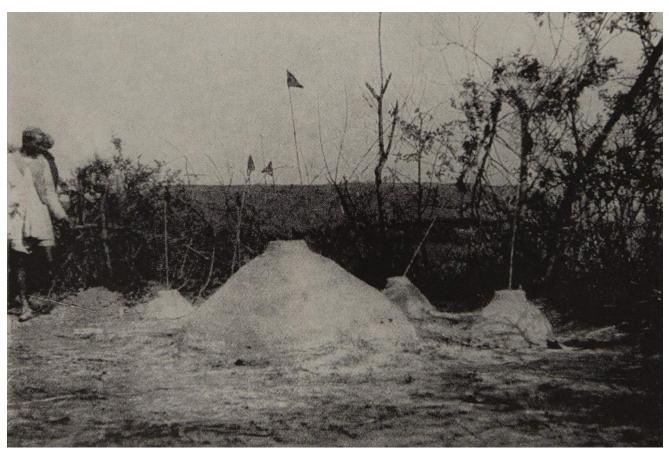
c. Mathurā. Terra-cotta statuette. III-I century



B4*a. Durgā, Slayer of the Titan* Buffalo. Ceramic piece. XIX century



B4*b. Shrine of a modern temple.* XX *century* A.D.



B4c. The seven shrines of the Seven



B5a. Besnagar. *Yakṣī.* I *century* B.C. *or* 



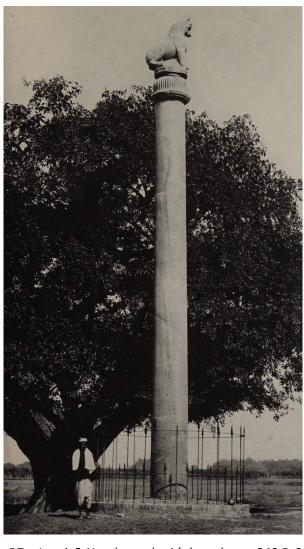
B5*b*. Parkham. *Yakṣa. Probably early* ı *century* A.D.



B6a. Sārnāth. The Buddha. c. 147 A.D.



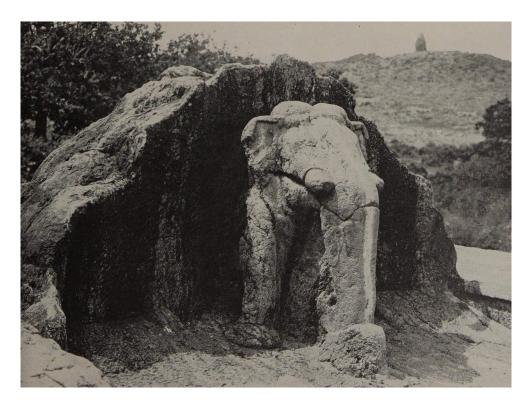
B6b. Patna. Yakṣa. c. 50 A.D.



B7a. Lauriyā-Nandangarh. Aśoka column. 243 B.C.



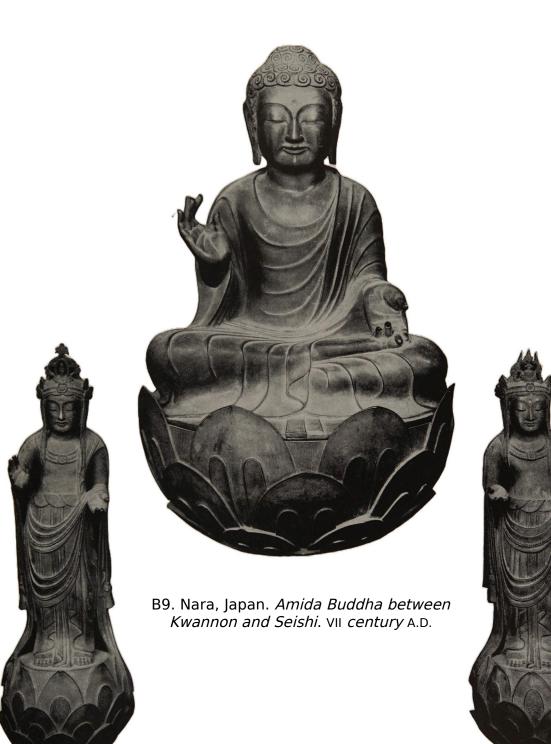
B7b. Rāmpurvā. *Bull capital of an Aśoka column*. 244 B.C.



B7c. Dhauli. *Monolithic elephant.* c. 257 B.C.



B8. Nara, Japan.  $\it K\bar{o}moku$ -ten,  $\it Guardian~of~the~West$ , VII  $\it century~A.D.$ 





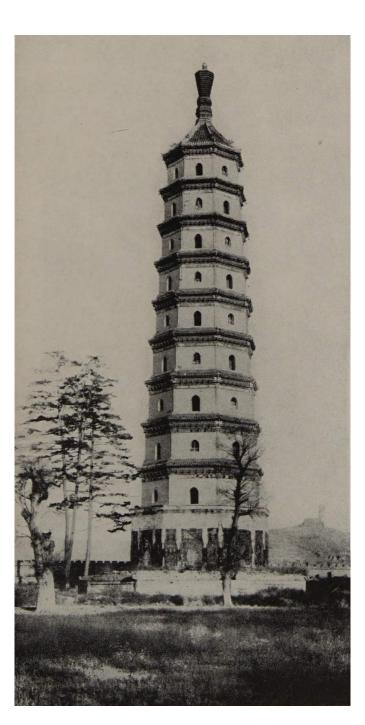
B10*a*. Mathurā. *Votive plaque: Jaina stūpa.* I *century* A.D.

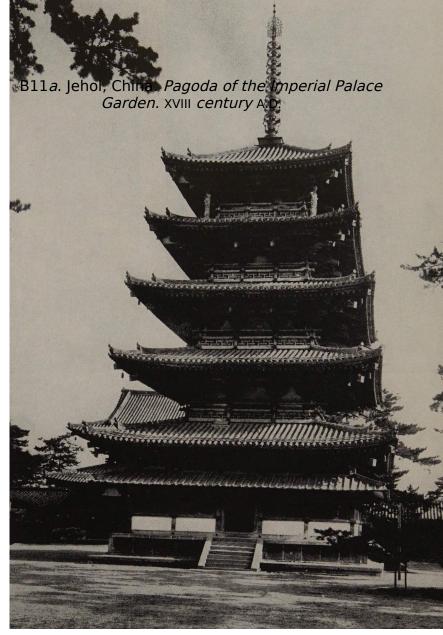


B10*b*. Bodhgayā. *Votive* plaque: the great temple. II century A.D.



B10c. Mathurā. Railing medallion: Bo Tree shrine. I century B.C. or A.D.





B11*b*. Nara, Japan. *Pagoda of the Hōryūji Monastery*. VII *century* A.D.



B12a. Java. Gaņeśa, front and rear views. XIII century A.D.



B12*b*. Madura, India. *The palace court of Tirumala Nāyyak*. XVII *century* 



B13. The Greco-Roman art of Gandhāra. I century B.C.-III century A.D.

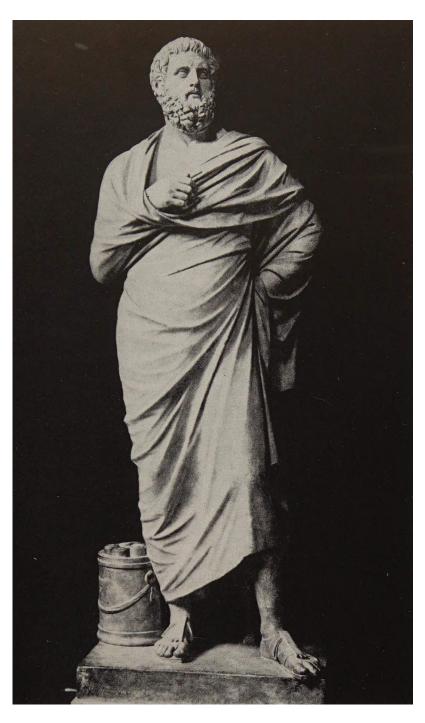
a. "Taxila puer"

b. Dionysos with a wine cup

c. Yavanī or Pallas Athene

- d. Corinthian capital with seated Buddha





B14a. Standing Sophocles



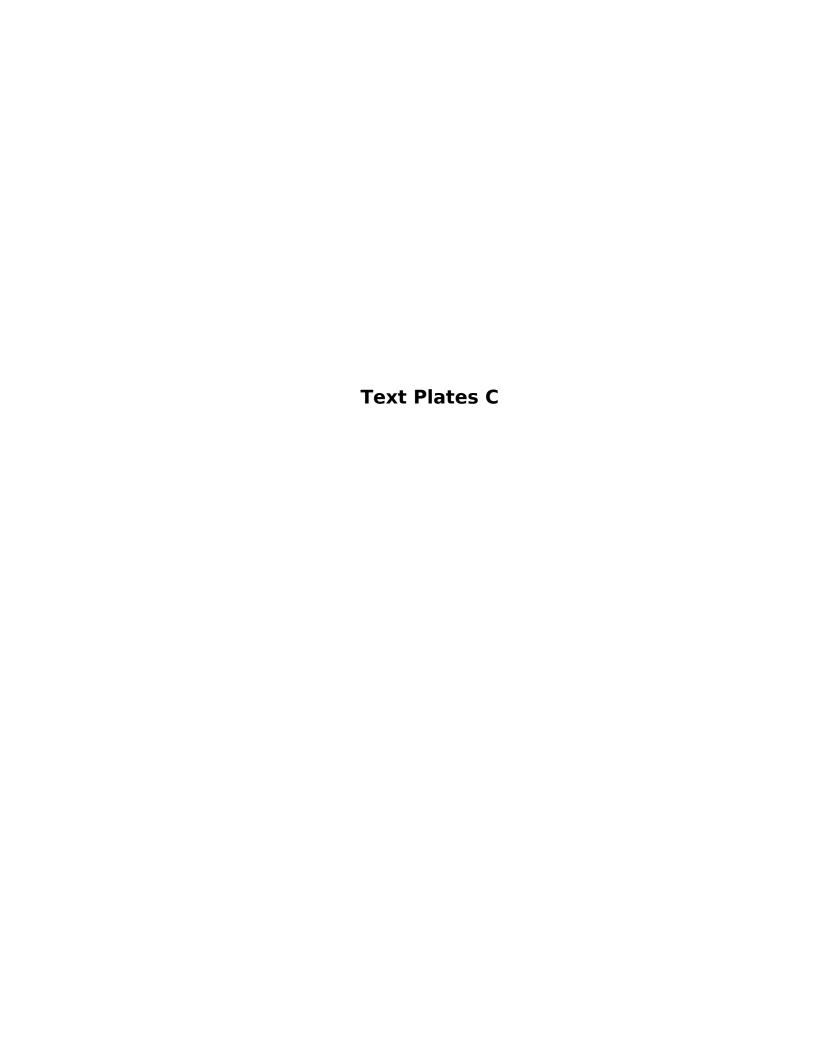
B14b. Venus de' Medici



B15. A Daughter of Niobe



B16. Parel. Śiva Trinity and Host. c. 600 A.D.









































॥प्रित्राको प्रसंगितिया। ताने वाने विश्वासीय देश को प्रतिनित्र देश को प्रतिनित्र देश के प्रतिनित्र के स्वासीय विश्वासीय के कि के प्रतिनित्र के स्वासीय के कि के कि के प्रतिनित्र के स्वासीय के कि के कि के कि के स्वासीय स



मुड्रमेनु दिरही है वित्र हमेह रिक्त त्र हिंदि । या स्व



c5. Rājput (Rājasthānī or Gujarātī) miniature. Kṛṣṇa Expecting Rādhā.



ए अध्यक्षां संज्ञागरंग्राका हो हो। सो घर्ष नसंज्ञाग कविकें दियागंत्रमानाजानपायं प्रियाकिम् दे।इज्जिसमात।।कवित्र।।वनमेहष्मानकुम।रिशु रारिरमेसुविमोरमरू अधियां। कलकृ कितश्जित कामकलावियरीत्रचोरितके लिकियामितिसाहित म्पामजराईजराष्ट्रतिचाकीचलेचलचांसु दियामय त्लके फलां फुलाकृतुके सव्तां उमने मित्रंकाल या।१ए।।









